

1. Solve for all values of x in the interval $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$.

$$2 \sin^2 x + 3 \cos x - 3 = 0$$

1.

2. Solve for all values of x in the interval $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$. Round to the *nearest degree*.

$$5 \cos^2 x - 6 \sin x = 0$$

2.

3. Solve for all values of x in the interval $0^\circ \leq x < 360^\circ$. Round to the *nearest degree*.

$$5 \sec^2 x - 11 \tan x - 4 = 0$$

3.

4. Prove the identity: $\frac{1 + \sec x}{\csc x} = \sin x + \tan x$

4.

5. Prove the identity: $\frac{\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x}{2 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{2}$

5.

6. The tide at a boat dock can be modeled by the equation $y = -2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 8$, where t is the number of hours past noon and y is the height of the tide, in feet. For how many hours between $t = 0$ and $t = 12$ is the tide at least 7 feet? [The use of the accompanying grid is optional.]

